Designing and integrating user designed web pages for ProfiLux 3

The ProfiLux main page *index.html* provides a link *user web page*, this links to the file *user.html*. It is easy to integrate this user file in the ProfiLux 3 web server:

- 1. Create a file user.html
- 2. Upload this file with TFTP to the ProfiLux 3

It is possible to upload several files, these files may link to each other. ProfiLux 3 offers 256 kB space for user files.

To access ProfiLux' internal data are 2 options given:

Using ProfiLux-specific tokens

ProfiLux scans the requested file when it has a certain file extension (only *.html, *.rss and *.xml are scanned, all other file types are passed through unmodified!) for these tokens and replaces them with live data. The parsing of a file takes some time, if your HTML-file doesn't have any tokes which have to be evaluated then use the file extension *.htm, these files will not be scanned and the output will be faster.

List of tokens

Token	Returns	Min. firmware version
\$\$SENC[n]\$\$	Complete name, actual value and state of sensor <i>n</i>	
\$\$SENL[n]\$\$	Complete name, actual value and state of sensor <i>n</i> . long	5.08
	(incl. description)	
\$\$SENV[n]\$\$	Actual value of sensor <i>n</i>	
	returns "" if this sensor is disabled	
\$\$SENN[n]\$\$	Name of sensor <i>n</i>	
\$\$SENS[n]\$\$	Short name of sensor <i>n</i>	
\$\$SEND[n]\$\$	Description of sensor <i>n</i>	5.08
\$\$SENT[n]\$\$	Type of sensor <i>n</i> as numerical value	5.09
	0 = none, 1 = temp., 2 = pH, 3 = redox, 4 = cond.	
	Freshwater, 5 = cond. Saltwater, 6 = none, 7 = humidity,	
	8 = airtemp., 9 = oxygen, 10 = voltage	
\$\$SENX[n]\$\$	Nominal value of sensor <i>n</i>	5.09
\$\$SENF[n]\$\$	Format of nominal and actual value of sensor n	5.15
	Returns int:dec:unit, where	
	int is max. number of digits before the decimalpoint	
	dec is the number of digits after the decimalpoint	
	unit is the unit for this sensor	
\$\$SENO[n]\$\$	Operation state of sensor <i>n</i> :	5.15
	"+" = control upwards	

	"" - control domanado	
	"-" = control downwards	
	"*" = cooling (only for temp. sensor)	
	"#" = main heater (only for temp. sensor)	
	"" = bottom heater (only for temp. sensor) "!" = alarm	
¢¢¢¢, mp[~]¢¢		F 4F
\$\$SENR[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Nominal value range of sensor <i>n</i>	5.15
	Return maxmin, where	
	min is the minimal allowed value and	
	max is the maximal allowed value	
44.5.0.5.144	both without unit	
\$\$LEVV[n]\$\$	Value of level sensor <i>n</i>	
\$\$LEVN[n]\$\$	Name of level sensor <i>n</i>	
\$\$ILLC[n]\$\$	Complete name and value of illumination <i>n</i>	
\$\$ILLL[n]\$\$	Complete state of illumination <i>n</i> long (incl. description)	5.08
\$\$ILLV[n]\$\$	Value of illumination <i>n</i>	
\$\$ILLN[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Name of illumination <i>n</i>	
\$\$ILLD[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Description of illumination <i>n</i>	5.08
\$\$ILLP[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Properties of illumination <i>n</i>	5.15
	"d" = dimmable	
	"u" = used (has dimming points)	
\$\$PROM\$\$	ProfiLux model name	
\$\$FWVS\$\$	Firmware version	
\$\$FWDA\$\$	Firmware date	
\$\$SERI\$\$	Serial number	
\$\$\$WIS[n]\$\$	State of switch output n:	
	"off" = off	
	"on" = on	
\$\$\$WIV[n]\$\$	State of switch output n:	
	"0" = off	
	"1" = on	
\$\$\$WIN[n]\$\$	Name of switch output n	
\$\$\$WID[n]\$\$	Description of switch output <i>n</i>	5.09
\$\$\$WIP[n]\$\$	Properties of switch output <i>n</i>	5.15
	"u" = used (has other function than always off)	
\$\$\$WIM[n]\$\$	Switch operation mode	6.06
	"1" = manual	
	"0" = auto	
\$\$DATE\$\$	Current date in ProfiLux	
\$\$TIME\$\$	Current time in ProfiLux	
\$\$GCOV[n]\$\$	Get code value – returns a string with the value(raw	
77 []77	data) of any parameter (code) <i>n</i> of the ProfiLux	
\$\$GWBS[n]\$\$	Get web string – returns a string which can be used for	
, , - :	creating multi language pages	
\$\$ALMS\$\$	Current alarm state, if there are several alarms active	
7 77 1-1110	the alarm sources will be displayed alternating with	
	each invoke of this token	
\$\$ALMS[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Current alarm state, n determines which alarm source	5.05e
771121413[11]77	should be displayed	3.030
	Since it is unknown if and how many alarms are active	
	the use of the indexed alarm-token makes only sense if	
	and and or the macked diarm token makes only sense in	

	used in a loop, see example below	
\$\$AMSE\$\$	Alarm mask all sensors	5.16
\$\$AMLC\$\$	Alarm mask all level controls	5.16
\$\$AMMI\$\$	Alarm mask miscellaneous (Bits 11-8: flow sensors, Bit	5.16
φφ,φφ	0: PAB-alarm)	3.10
\$\$TDRS\$\$	Current time and date for RSS feed	
\$\$EXWA\$\$	External web address of ProfiLux	
\$\$WCAD\$\$	web address of the webcam	
\$\$OTVI[n]\$\$	Actual output voltage of 1-10V-interface <i>n</i>	5.04
\$\$\$WIC[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Actual current of switch output <i>n</i>	5.05f
\$\$LVCN[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Name of level control <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$LVCD[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Description of level control <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$LVCO[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Operation state of level control <i>n</i> :	5.15
772400[//]77	"+" = fill water	3.13
	"-" = drain water	
	"!" = alarm	
	"1" = first level sensor of this control indicates contact	
	"2" = second level sensor of this control indicates	
	contact (if present)	
\$\$LANG\$\$	Returns the language ProfiLux is using, e.g.:	
77L/111077	"Deutsch"	
	"English"	
	"Espanol"	
	"Francais"	
\$\$FPSN[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Name of feedpause <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$FPSD[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Description of feedpause <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$FPSR[n]\$\$	Remaining time for feedpause <i>n</i>	5.15
77	"0 s" means this feedpause is not active	0.20
\$\$MAIN[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Name of maintenance <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$MAID[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Description of maintenance <i>n</i>	5.15
\$\$MAIR[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Remaining time for maintenance n	5.15
φφινι <i>ι</i> τι τ[//]φφ	"0 s" means this maintenance is not active	3.13
\$\$AWCN[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Name of automatic waterchange n	5.15
\$\$AWCS[n]\$\$	State of automatic waterchange <i>n</i> :	5.15
φφ, (1 00 [, ,]φφ	"+" = fill water	3.13
	"-" = drain water	
	"!" = alarm	
	otherwise idle	
\$\$THSS\$\$	State of thunderstorm:	5.15
77	"0" = no thunderstorm	
	"1" = thunderstorm in progress	
\$\$MEAS[<i>n</i>]\$\$	Measurement value sample <i>n</i>	5.15
	This returns a sample of a certain sensor, the index of	
	the sensor is determined by the suffix of the loaded file,	
	e.g. sensordata003.txt returns values of sensor 3. Index	
	n = 0 returns the newest sample.	
	The format is:	
	yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm value, where	
	yyyy-mm-dd is the date (year, month, day)	
	hh:mm is the time (hours, minutes)	

	value is the measured value with unit, e.g.:	
	2012-12-10 16:07 21.300 C	
	This token is usually used in a loop, see example below.	
	In order to retrieve only samples until a certain time	
	and date the code	
\$\$EHMF\$\$	Actual flow of EHEIM filter in litres/hour, "" if no	5.16
	EHEIM filter is present	
\$\$EHMS\$\$	Time to next service for EHEIM filter in hours, "" if no	5.16
	EHEIM filter is present	
\$\$FLSV[n]\$\$	Actual value of flow sensor <i>n</i>	5.17
	returns "" if this sensor is disabled	
\$\$FLSN[n]\$\$	Name of flow sensor <i>n</i>	5.17
\$\$FLSF[n]\$\$	Format of nominal and actual value of sensor n	5.17
	Returns int:dec:unit, where	
	int is max. number of digits before the decimalpoint	
	dec is the number of digits after the decimalpoint	
	unit is the unit for this sensor	
\$\$FLSD[n]\$\$	Description of flow sensor <i>n</i>	5.17
\$\$RMDT\$\$	Text of first active reminder	5.17
\$\$RMDT[n]\$\$	Text of reminder n, if it is active	5.17
\$\$RMDP[n]\$\$	Reminder properties	6.06
	"m" = multiple reminder	
\$\$RMDD[n]\$\$	Days count until reminder is shown	6.06

Some tokens are indexed; in this case you have to replace n with the number of the resource you are going to access. Indexes start at 0.

If you write "x" for the index then this index while be replaced with the current loop counter, see tokens for creating a loop below.

Examples:

HTML-code	Result
My sensor: \$\$SENN[0]\$\$	My sensor: pH 1 (assuming the first sensor is a
	pH-sensor)
<h1>My ProfiLux is a \$\$PROM\$\$</h1>	My ProfiLux is a ProfiLux 3 eX (if it is an eX-
	version)
Firmware: \$\$GCOV[0]\$\$	Firmware: 500 (Code 0 returns the firmware
	version)

Furthermore there are tokens for creating a loop:

Token	Meaning
\$\$REPS[c][o]\$\$	Repeat Start, c = count of repeats, o = option, following code until \$\$REPE\$\$ will be repeated c times
	[o] is optional
\$\$REPE\$\$	Repeat End
\$\$LCTR\$\$	Returns current value of the internal counter during executing the
	loops.

The HTML-code between these 2 tokens will be repeated c times, an internal counter will be counted from 0 to c -1. This internal counter can be accessed with the "index" x.

The option o determines if the loop shall be executed depending on the presence or activation of a resource (= sensor, illumination channel, switch output, ...). If [o] is not mentioned than all loops will be executed, if [o] is mentioned than o can have these values:

Value for the option o	Will check presence or activity of this resource:
0	Sensor
1	Illumination
2	Switch output
3	Level-Sensor
4	1-10V-Interface
5	Alarm (ProfiLux firmware 5.05e or higher required)
6	Level control
7	Feedpause
8	Maintenance
9	Waterchange
10	Flow-Sensor
11	Reminder

Hiding text depending on the current login status:

Token	Meaning
\$\$IFLS[n]\$\$	If Logged in Start, the following text until token \$\$IFLE\$\$ will only be shown if the login privileges are at least n:
	1: Guest or Admin must be logged in
	2: Admin must be logged in
\$\$IFLE\$\$	If Logged in End

Examples:

HTML-code	Result
\$\$REPS[3]\$\$	My sensor: pH 1
My sensor: \$\$SENN[x]\$\$	My sensor: Temp 1
\$\$REPE\$\$	My sensor: Redx 1
	(assuming these sensor input were present)
\$\$REPS[32][1]\$\$	Illumina. 1 100%
\$\$ILLN[x]\$\$ \$\$ILLV[x]\$\$	Illumina. 2 79%
\$\$REPE\$\$	Illumina. 3 0%
	(if only illumination channels 1-3 are active)
\$\$REPS[10][5]\$\$	list all alarms, e.g.:
\$\$ALMS[x]\$\$	Alarm: pH 2
\$\$REPE\$\$	Alarm: Temp 2
	Alarm: Le.F 1

In the second example the loop runs from 0 to 31 (32 times), but a loop only produces an output if the resource (here: illumination) is activated.